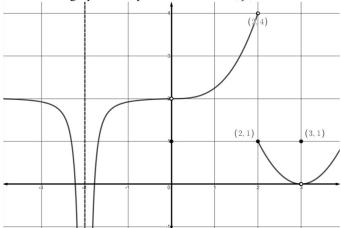
Unit 1 - Limits

1-3: Use the graph of the piecewise function, f, shown to find the requested values.



1. *f*(0)

 $2. \quad \lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x)$

 $3. \quad \lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$

4. $\lim_{x \to -5} \frac{x+5}{x^2 - 25}$

5. $\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} - 3}{x-3}$

6. Find the horizontal asymptote(s) of $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 7}}{3x - 5}$.

A function f is said to be continuous at x = a if and only if...

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Draw an example(s) of each type of discontinuity.

Removable

Jump

Infinite

7. Find a value of q that will make g(x) continuous. $g(x) = \begin{cases} qx+3 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \\ (x+q)^2 - 10 & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} qx + 3 & \text{for } x \le 1 \\ (x + a)^2 - 10 & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

8. Given selected values of the continuous function h(x), what is the fewest number of times h(x) is 43 on the interval [0, 30]?

	2000	100	39	30	60	3	50
x	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
h(x)	100	40	40	110	30	10	50

9. Given that $\lim_{x\to 7}v(x)=6$, $\lim_{x\to -7}v(x)=3$, and $\lim_{x\to 7}c(x)=5$ and that v(x) and c(x) are continuous,

evaluate the following.
$$\lim_{x\to 7^+} [v(-x) - 5c(x)]$$

10. Find the limit of $\lim_{x\to 0} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$.

11. Tram α runs back and forth on a straight north-south path between an amusement park and an adjacent parking lot. Tram α 's velocity, measured in meters per second, is given by the continuous function $v_{\alpha}(t)$ where time t is measured in seconds. Selected values for $v_{\alpha}(t)$ are given in the table above.

t (seconds)	0	40	100	160	240
$v_{\alpha}(t)$ (meters/second)	0	10	4	-12	-15

Do the data in the table support the conclusion that tram α 's velocity is -10 meters per second at some time with 40 < t < 100? Give a reason for your answer.

12. Water is pumped into a tank at a rate modeled by $W(t) = 2000e^{-t^2/20}$ liters per hour for $0 \le t \le 8$, where t is measured in hours. Water is removed from the tank at a rate modeled by t liters per hour, where t is continuous and decreasing on t liters per hour, where t is continuous and decreasing on t liters per hour, where t liters per hour in the table below.

t (hours)	0	1	3	6	8
R(t) (liters/hour)	1340	1190	950	740	700

For $0 \le t \le 8$, is there a time t when the rate at which water is pumped into the tank is the same as the rate at which water is removed from the tank? Explain why or why not.

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13. The velocity of particle, P, moving along the x-axis is given by the differentiable function v_p , where $v_p(t)$ is measured in meters per hour and t is measured in hours. Selected values of $v_p(t)$ are shown in the table below. Particle P is at the origin at time t=0.

t (hours)	0	0.3	1.7	2.8	4
$v_p(t)$ (meters per hour)	0	55	-29	55	48

Justify why there must be at least one time t, for $0.3 \le t \le 2.8$, at which $v_p'(t)$, the acceleration of particle P, equals 0 meters per hour per hour.

14. Let g and h be continuous functions such that g(5) = h(5) = 1. Let k be a function satisfying $g(x) \le k(x) \le h(x)$ for 3 < x < 7. Is k continuous at x = 5? Justify your answer.