

### Finding Values of Derivatives Using the Graphing Calculator

For each of the functions below, find the value of  $f'(x)$  at the indicated value of  $x$  using the graphing calculator. Then, determine if the function is increasing, decreasing, has a horizontal tangent or has a vertical tangent. Give a reason for your answer.

Function	Value of $f'(a)$	Is $f(x)$ increasing or decreasing, or does $f(x)$ have a horizontal or a vertical tangent?
1. $f(x) = 3e^x \sin x$	$a = -2$ $f'(-2) \approx -0.538$	$f(x)$ is decreasing at $x = -2$ b/c $f'(-2) < 0$
2. $f(x) = 3e^x \sin x$	$a = 1$ $f'(1) \approx 11.268$	$f(x)$ is increasing at $x = 1$ b/c $f'(1) > 0$
3. $f(x) = \frac{\ln(\cos x)}{x^2}$	$a = \frac{\pi}{3}$ $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) \approx -0.372$	$f(x)$ is decreasing at $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ b/c $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) < 0$
4. $f(x) = \frac{\ln(\cos x)}{x^2}$	$a = \pi$ $f'(\pi) = \text{DNE}$	$f(x)$ has a vertical tangent at $x = \pi$ b/c $f'(\pi) = \text{DNE}$
5. $f(x) = e^{\tan(0.34x)}$	$a = 0$ $f'(0) \approx 0.340$	$f(x)$ is increasing at $x = 0$ b/c $f'(0) > 0$
6. $f(x) = 5\sin^2(\ln x)$	$a = 1$ $f'(1) \approx 0$	$f(x)$ has a horizontal tangent at $x = 1$ b/c $f'(1) = 0$

When the value of the derivative of a function is positive, we say that the function is increasing. When the value of the derivative of a function is negative, we say that the function is decreasing. When speaking of quantities increasing or decreasing, they do so at a certain rate. We already understand the derivative to be the SLOPE OF THE TANGENT LINE. Slope is a rate. Therefore, the derivative of a function actually represents the RATE AT WHICH A FUNCTION IS CHANGING.

7.	The number of people entering a concert can be modeled by the function $f(t) = 560e^{\sin t}$ , where $t$ represents the number of hours after the gates are open.
a.	<p>Find the values of <math>f(\frac{1}{2})</math> and <math>f'(\frac{1}{2})</math>. Using correct units, explain what each value represents in the context of this problem.</p> <p><math>f(\frac{1}{2}) = 904.482 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}</math> an hour after the gates open, the number of people entering the concert is 904 people.</p> <p><math>f'(\frac{1}{2}) = 793.757 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}</math> an hour after the gates open, the number of people entering the concert is increasing by 793 people per hour.</p>
b.	<p>How many people <del>have</del> entered the concert 2 hours after the gates are opened? Is the number of people entering increasing or decreasing at this time? Justify your answer.</p> <p><math>f(2) = 1390. \Rightarrow 2</math> hours after the gates open, the number of people entering the concert is 1390 people.</p> <p><math>f'(2) = -578.545</math></p> <p>2 hours after the gates opened, the number of people entering is decreasing b/c <math>f'(2) &lt; 0</math>.</p>

8.	After being poured into a cup, coffee cools so that its temperature, $T(t)$ , is represented by the function $T(t) = 70 + 110e^{-t/2}$ , where $t$ is measured in minutes and $T(t)$ is measured in degrees Fahrenheit.
a.	<p>What is the temperature of the coffee 5 minutes after it has been poured into the cup?</p> <p><math>T(5) = 79.629^\circ\text{F}</math></p>
b.	<p>Is the temperature decreasing faster 1 minute after it is poured or 3 minutes after it is poured? Give a reason for your answer.</p> <p><math>T'(1) = -33.359^\circ\text{F}/\text{min}</math></p> <p><math>T'(3) = -12.272^\circ\text{F}/\text{min}</math></p> <p>The temperature is decreasing faster at <math>t=1</math> because <math> T'(1)  &gt;  T'(3) </math></p>